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A method for introducing a nucleic acid vector into a living cell, said method comprising contacting said cell with said vector and, either before, during, or after contacting said cell with said vector, contacting said cell with a liquid medium comprising a compound that, in said medium, is charged, non-cytotoxic, and capable of facilitating the uptake of the vector by the cell.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein said cell is in a mammal.
- 3. The method of claim 3, wherein said mammal is a human patient.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein said vector comprises a gene encoding a polypeptide, a hormone, a vaccine antigen, an antisense molecule, or a ribozyme.

- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein said polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of growth factors, enzymes, anti-angiogenic polypeptides, and polypeptides that promote cell death.
  - 6. The method of claim therein said vector is a viral-based vector.

7. The method of claim 6, wherein said vector is selected from the group consisting of a Herpesviridae, Dengue, Adeno-associated virus, Adenovirus, papillomavirus, and retrovirus based vectors.

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- 9. The method of claim 7, wherein said vector is a lentivirus-based
- 10. The method of claim 9, wherein said vector is an HIV-based vector.
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein said vector is a bacterial vector.
- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein said vector is a *Listeria* monocytogenes-based vector.
  - 13. The method of claim 1, wherein said vector is attenuated.
- 14. The method of claim 1, wherein said charged molecule is selected from the group consisting of charged polysaccharides, polylysine, acyclodextrin, diethylaminoethane, and polyethylene glycol.
- 15. The method of claim 14, wherein said charged polysaccharide is a glycosaminoglycan.
  - 16. The method of claim 14, wherein said charged polysaccharide is a lycosaminoglycan analog.

- 17. The method of claim 15, wherein said glycosaminoglycan is selected from the group consisting of dermatan sulfate, heparan sulfate, chondroitin sulfate, and keratin sulfate.
- 18. The method of claim 16, wherein said glycosaminoglycan analog isdextran sulfate.
  - 19. The method of claim 1, wherein said charged molecule is administered to said cell prior to the administration of said vector to said cell.
  - 20. The method of claim 1, wherein said charged molecule is administered to said cell concurrent with the administration of said vector to said cell.
    - 21. The method of claim 1, wherein said cell is a mature muscle cell.
    - 22. The method of claim 3, wherein said cell is a cancer cell.
    - 23. The method of claim 22 wherein said patient has cancer.
- 24. The method of claim 21, wherein said muscle cell is in a patientwith a primary myopathy.

- 25. The method of claim 3, wherein said patient has a condition that can be treated by production of a therapeutic product for secretion into said subject's circulation.
- 26. The method of claim 3, wherein said vector and charged molecule

  5 are delivered locally.

27. The method of claim 3, wherein said vector and charged molecule are delivery systemically.